Exploring Dynamical Status and High Energy Phenomena of Merging Galaxy Clusters with Multi-band Observations and Numerical Simulations

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Abell 2319: Sugawara, Takizawa, & Nakazawa (2009) ZwCl0823.2+0425 Field: Watanabe, Takizawa et al. (2011) Mass Estimation: Takizawa, Nagino, & Matsushita (2010)

High Energy Phenomena of Clusters of Galaxies

Non-thermal radio emission from merging clusters of galaxies

synchrotron radio $\gamma \sim 10^4$ electrons + 0.1-10µG B



Radio relics

RIGHT ASCENSION (J2000)

Hard X-ray will be emitted through Inverse compton with CMB

> A3667 Röttgeringet al.1997

Hard X-ray observations



Detection of Non-thermal hard X-ray from Coma ?? (Fusco-Femiano et al. 1999, 2005etc)





No significant non-thermal component. Tighter upper limit than the detection by B-SAX (Wik et al. 2009)



Suzaku(2005~)

Abell 2319

- Nearby (z=0.0557) well-known merging cluster with a giant radio halo
- Two subgroups are found in radial velocity distribution of the member galaxies



Rosat X-ray image (colors) Radio image (contours) Feretti et al. 1997



Oegerle et al.1995

Line-of-sight Velocities of the ICM





•It is clear that the observed velocities are different from that of A2319B subgroup. •No significant velocity difference is detected within the observed region. • $\Delta v < 940^{+1083}$ _1131 km/s. (cf. c_s~1700 km/s) Line-of-sight velocity

Blue: A2319B subgroup Green: A2319A subgroup Red: A2319

Wide band spectrum



Wide band spectrum fitted with APEC+Powerlaw model

Black: XIS FI Red: XIS BI Green: PIN

The lower limit of the magnetic field strength

model	$B(\mu G)$
1kT + PL(1.92)	> 0.19
1kT + PL(2.4)	> 0.27
2kT + PL(1.92)	> 0.14
2kT + PL(2.4)	> 0.25

Energy Budget of the Intracluster space

Thermal Energy

- ROSAT image $\rightarrow n_e(r)$
- kT=10keV

 $U_{\rm th} = 0.4 \times 10^2 \ {\rm eV/cm^3}$



Feretti et al.1997

Magnetic Energy

●Suzaku Results (>0.2µG)

$$U_B > 0.1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ eV/cm}^3$$

 $\frac{U_{\text{th}}}{U_B} < 2.0 \times 10^3$

CR electrons (5.7 × 10³<γ<1.1 × 10⁴)

Suzaku results (upper limit of hard X-ray)

$$U_e < 0.2 \times 10^{-1} \text{ eV/cm}^3$$
$$\frac{U_{\text{th}}}{U_e} > 4.0 \times 10^4$$

ZwCl 0823.2+0425 Field



Several dark halos were found by a weak lensing survey (Okabe et al. 2010).
No deep X-ray image.
L_x???, kT???, Metal Abundance????



- Significant excess X-ray signals except for SE
- kT determination except for SE
- Metal Abundance determination for C and N





(Okabe et al. 2010)

Mass Estimation of Merging Galaxy Clusters



Mass distribution



Simulation Data (N-body+ hydrodynamics)

- N-body: Particle Mesh (PM) method
- self-gravity: FFT with isolated boundary conditions
- hydrodynamics: Roe TVD method
- number of grid points 256 × 128 × 128
- Number of particles $256 \times 128 \times 128$ $(= 4.2 \times 10^6)$



Mass estimation during core passage

X-ray data seen along the collision axis



X-ray data seen from the direction perpendicular to the collision axis







Mass estimation after core passage



X-ray morphology and mass estimation uncertainity



•Morpholgy depends on the radius within which it is estimated.

•This cluster looks "round" only in the inner part, but its mass is underestimated by over 40 %.

If this cluster is located at high redshift and hence only the inner part can be observed, what happens?

Solid lines: axial ratio of X-ray image within r Dashed lines: M_X /M_{real} 2 ratio 0.8 0.0 2 0.1 0.2 0.5log r [Mpc]

Summary

A2319

- Line-of-sight velocities of the ICM
- Constraint of the energy density of the magnetic field and CR electrons through the non-thermal hard X-ray upper limit

ZwCl0823.2+0425 Field

- X-ray follow-up observation of weak-lensing-detected halos
- Self-similar M-T relation consistent with X-ray selected sample

Mass Estimation

 Investigation of the Impact of the mergers on the mass estimation using N-body + hydrodynamical simulation data